



lawtech University OF TRENTO - Italy Faculty of Law Doctoral School

RETHINKING THE INTERNAL MARKET OBJECTIVE IN THE LIGHT OF OPEN ACCESS AND OPEN INNOVATION

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Roberto Caso
University of Trento
Faculty of Law
LawTech Group



Main arguments

Shift from democratic to authoritarian science.
 While science has progressed thanks to public dialogue, the current evaluation system is centered on private information control

• A less democratic society. The transition from the rule of the law to the "governance by numbers" well describes the crisis of Western democracy (Alain Supiot)

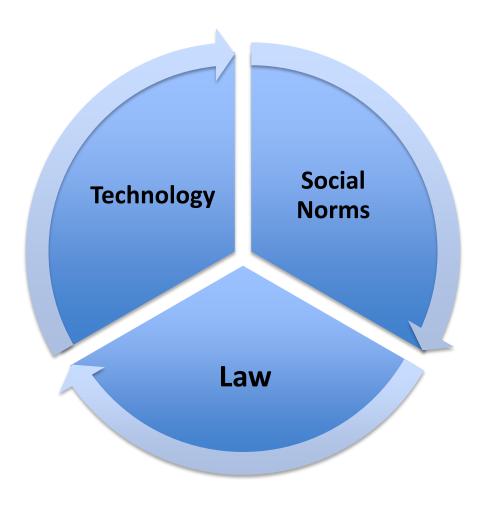
Outline

1. Democratic science, public dialogue and intellectual property

2. Private information control and authoritarian evaluation of science

3. Open Science as public and democratic science

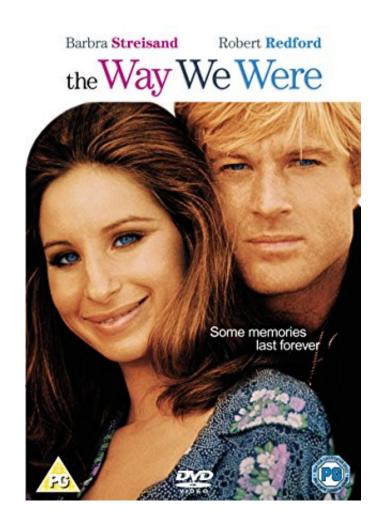
Methodology



1

Democratic science, public dialogue and intellectual property

The Way We Were



Science and democracy

Robert K. Merton



Michael Polanyi



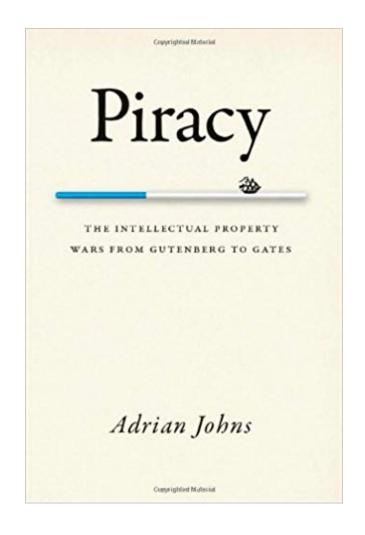
Some important similarities

Norms of science are informal

 There is a tension between the esteem for consolidated knowledge and its criticism

Scientific dialogue is public

Adrian Johns



Maria Chiara Pievatolo



Bollettino telematico di filosofia politica

Overlay journal of political philosophy

ome Articoli Ipertesti Classici Bibliografie Ebook Il valore della ricerca Archivio "Giuliano Marini" FAQ Come contribuire pen peer review Mappa del sito

na scienza senza qualità

Ottobre 2018 & Maria Chiara Pievatolo De Leave a comment



DOI 10.5281/zenodo.1469848

Quantità e qualità: un confronto impossibile?

co Mauro, in un articolo recente, critica così la valutazione quantitativa della ricerca ispirata ai cipi del new public management :

Search ...

Articoli recenti

Dissonanze: Giuseppe Valditara e valutazione dell'università e della ricerca

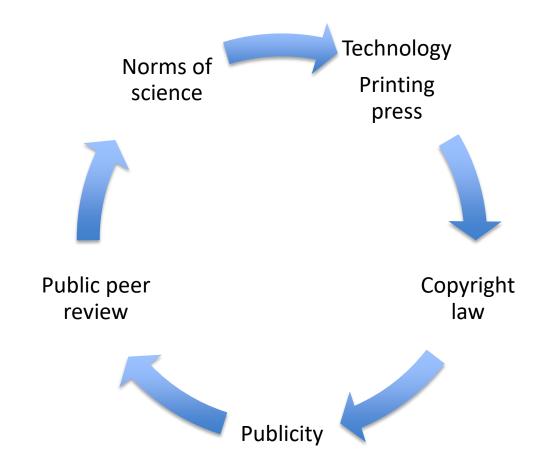
M.Galletti, S.Vida, "Libertà vigilata una critica del paternalismo libertario"

Cinquanta sfumature di giallo: le società scientifiche ai tempi della valutazione di stato

Hannah Arendt: una teoria politica "a-morale"

Una scienza senza qualità Agorà o museo? Una proposta di

"Academic copyright" and publicity



2

Private information control and authoritarian evaluation of science

Monsters University: be competitive!



Max Weber: "Science as Vocation", 1918

- "Of late we can observe distinctly that the German universities in the broad fields of science develop in the direction of the American system. The large institutes of medicine or natural science are 'state capitalist' enterprises" [...]
- "Thus the assistant's position is often as precarious as is that of any 'quasi-proletarian' existence and just as precarious as the position of the assistant in the American university"

Alain Supiot: Governance by Numbers

Governance by Numbers - Introduction

- From Government to Governance
- The Dream of Harmony by Numbers
- 3. The Unholy Union of Capitalism and Communism
- 4. The Limits of Governance by Numbers
- 5. The Decline of the State
- 6. The Abuse of Work
- 7. From the Decline of the Law to New Ties of Allegiance

Governance by Numbers

Presentation



Governance by Numbers by Alain Supiot is the title of a book published in 2015, and based on two lecture series given at the Collège de France, "From government by laws to governance by numbers" (2012), and "Figures of allegiance" (2013).

The film "Governance by Numbers" gives an overview of the book in the form of an extended conversation, divided into seven illustrated chapters. As Supiot's complex thinking on the history of Law and on modes of human government unfolds, we come to understand how law, like the arts and sciences, has always structured the human imaginary, which

is the true link betwen the real and the ideal, and the substratum of civilisations. However, Supiot argues, with the disappearance of the industrial imaginary, we have entered the era of the cybernetic imaginary, which revives the West's age-old dream of grounding social harmony in calculations. Repudiating the goal of governing by just laws, this new discourse advocates in its stead the attainment of measurable objectives efficiently. This leaves no option open to populations or countries than to ride roughshod over social legislation, and pledge allegiance to those stronger than they are. "Governance by Numbers" is a hard-hitting indictment of the Total Market and the normative uses of economic quantification, and a powerful pedagogical tool for understanding the subtleties of the law, the failings of the European Union, and the shockwaves of institutional change which are transforming our epoch.

GOVERNANCE BY NUMBERS

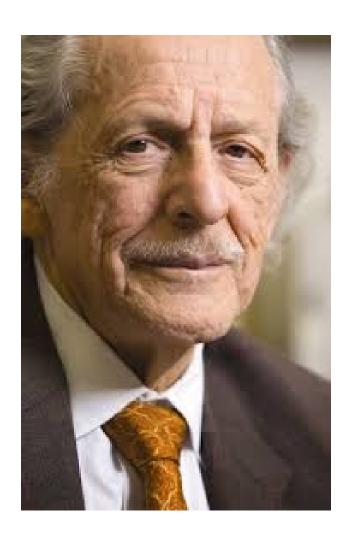
A Conversation with Alain Supiot

A film proposed by Philippe Petit Directed by Cyril Bérard

Production - Fondation Hugot of the Collège de France Production Manager – Florence Terrasse-Riou

Executive production - Betavita Executive Producer - Cyril Bérard

Eugene Garfield



Metrics and private information control







Anonimous Peer Review



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Biagioli, Nature, 2016



NATURE | COLUMN: WORLD VIEW







Watch out for cheats in citation game

The focus on impact of published research has created new opportunities for misconduct and fraudsters, says Mario Biagioli.

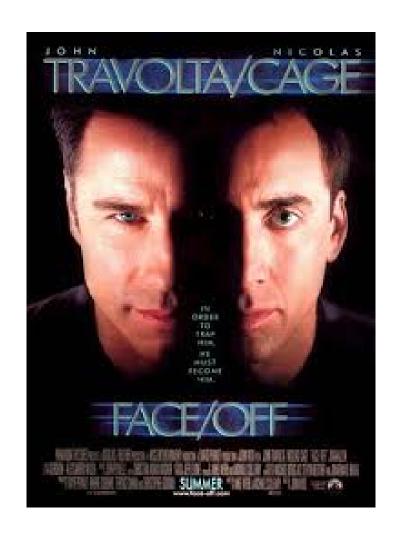
12 July 2016



When scientists misbehave, the culture of 'publish or perish' is often blamed. Some researchers cut corners, massage data and images or invent results to secure academic papers and the rewards that come with them. This is rightly regarded as misconduct. But there is a new class of bad behaviour — one that is driven by a related but different pressure: 'impact or perish'.

3

Open Science as public and democratic science



Double identity





Open Science: a new hope

Open Access publications

Open Data

Much more than this...

European Union



EU Open Access, Open Science policy

• FP7; H2020

Recomandation 2012/2918

EUOSC

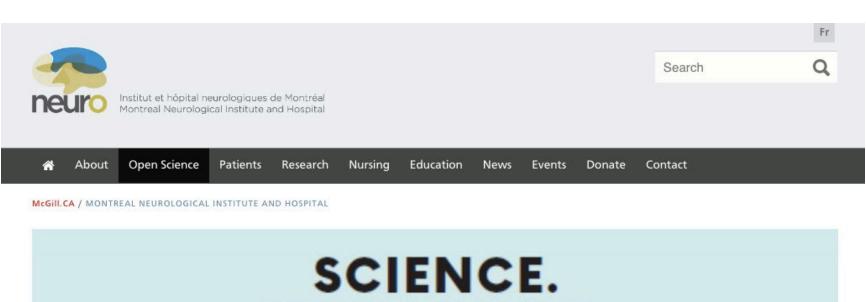
OpenAIRE; Zenodo

Open Access/Open Science/Open Innovation Open Access/Open Science



Open Innovation

McGill, CIPP, MTL Neuro Institute (MNI) Tanenbaum Open Science Institute



MNI, five principles

• 1. Share scientific data and resources MNI researchers will render all positive and negative numerical data, models used, data sources, reagents, algorithms, software and other scientific resources publicly available no later than the publication date of the first article that relies on this data or resource.

Gold, 2016



COMMUNITY PAGE

Accelerating Translational Research through Open Science: The Neuro Experiment

E. Richard Gold

Published: December 7, 2016 • https://doi.org/10.1371/journal.pbio.2001259

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Abstract

Introduction Definition

Enhancing Partnerships

Allowing for Knowledge

Abstract

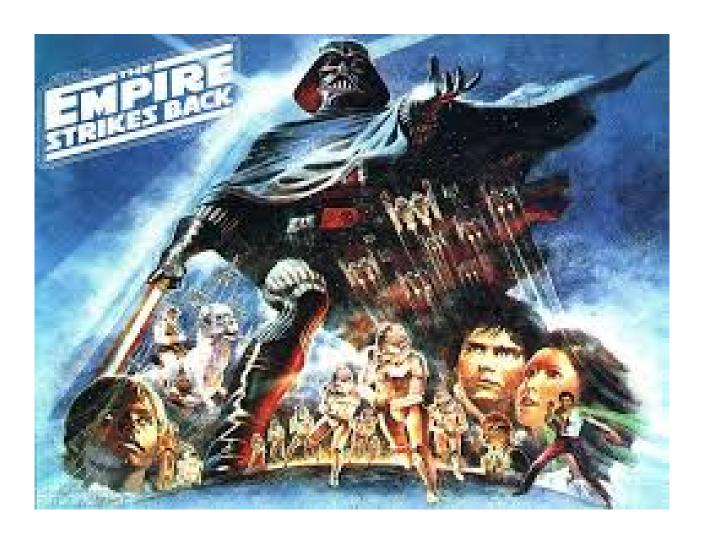
Translational research is often afflicted by a fundamental problem: a limited understanding of disease mechanisms prevents effective targeting of new treatments. Seeking to accelerate research advances and reimagine its role in the community, the Montreal Neurological Institute



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Digital platform empire



Open Access for profit

Elsevier Acquires SSRN

By ROGER C. SCHONFELD | MAY 17, 2016 6 COMMENTS





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Elsevier acquires bepress, a leading service provider used by academic institutions to showcase their research

Bepress to benefit from Elsevier's technology and analytics to expand offerings to more institutions, while helping Elsevier drive further adoption of its research data management

Publishers take ResearchGate to court, alleging massive copyright infringement

By Dalmeet Singh Chawla Oct. 6, 2017, 5:47 PM

Sabina Leonelli



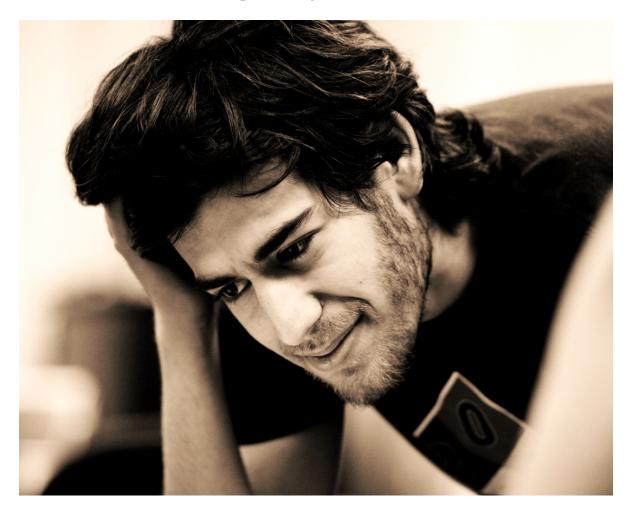
Data control



Values and principles

Open Science may help hindering the centralization of evaluation powers only if it becomes aware of the fact that, in the digital age, it has become the heir of all the values and principles that public science has traditionally fostered in the analogic age

Aaron Swartz "Legacy" 2006



Legacy, 2006

"So what jobs do leave a real legacy? [...]

But one good source of them is trying to do things that change the system instead of following it. For example, the university system encourages people to become professors who do research in certain areas (and thus many people do this); it discourages people from trying to change the nature of the university itself.

Naturally, doing things like changing the university are much harder than simply becoming yet another professor. But for those who genuinely care about their legacies, it doesn't seem like there's much choice".

Thanks!

Open Access papers

R. Caso, Il diritto d'autore accademico nel tempo dei numeri e delle metriche, Trento Law Tech Research Paper nr. 36, Trento, Università degli studi di Trento, 2018 http://hdl.handle.net/11572/210960

R. Caso, The Darkest Hour: Private Information Control and the End of Democratic Science, Trento LawTech Research Paper nr. 35, Trento, Università degli studi di Trento, 2018

http://hdl.handle.net/11572/208881

R. Caso, L'ora più buia: controllo privato dell'informazione e valutazione della ricerca, in Rivista Critica del Diritto Privato, 3/2018, pp. 383-418 working paper presentato alla conferenza AISA "La scienza come ignoranza degli esperti ed il governo del numero", Università di Pisa, Pisa, 16 marzo 2018,

Zenodo: https://zenodo.org/badge/DOI/10.5281/zenodo.1202200.svg

E-mail:

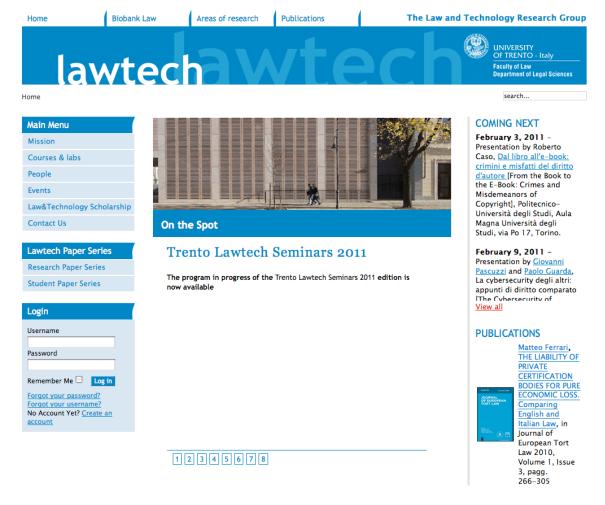
roberto.caso@unitn.it

Web:

https://webapps.unitn.it/du/it/Persona/PER0000633/Curriculum

https://www.robertocaso.it/

LawTech Trento http://www.lawtech.jus.unitn.it/



AISA: aisascienzaperta.org



AISA

Associazione italiana per la promozione della scienza aperta

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Pisa, 16 marzo 2018: "La scienza come ignoranza degli esperti ed il governo del numero"

Pubblicato il 26 febbraio 2018, aggiornato il 5 marzo 2018 da Maria Chiara Pievatolo

"Science is the belief in the ignorance of experts."

Richard Feynman, 1966

16 marzo, ore 10.30-13

Giuseppe Longo (Centre Cavaillès, CNRS-ENS; Graduate School of Cell and Developmental Biology, Tufts University), La scienza come ignoranza degli esperti ed il governo del numero

Reti per mettere in contatto la diversità e potenziare le singolarità *oppure* per produrre effetti di "campo medio"? Dinamiche della conoscenza in rete, nuove ed adattive, dai limiti mobili, *oppure* appiattimento normato su standard identici? Nella società, la "governance by numbers" impedisce il "governo" che dovrebbe risultare dall'interpretazione e dal dibattito nell'agorà. In scienza, il senso dei limiti e l'interpretazione dei dati contribuiscono alla novità del sapere. Le scelte vanno fatte ora, prima che Big Data non interpretati, dimostrabilmente ricchi di "correlazioni spurie", l'immensa audience in rete di tweets senza senso e di articoli scientifici solo "main stream", uccidano politica e scienza.

Roberto Caso (Università di Trento), L'ora più buia: controllo privato dell'informazione e valutazione

Cerca ...

Articoli recenti

SISSA socio istituzionale di AISA

Pisa, 16 marzo 2018: "La scienza come ignoranza degli esperti ed il governo del numero"

Bilancio Aisa 2017

Open access nel programma di "Liberi e uguali": alcune osservazioni

AISA ha un nuovo socio istituzionale

I più letti

L'associazione (3729)

III convegno annuale: programma (1460)

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